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Article III: Cases & Controversies - Teaching the Already v. Nike Case

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Article III: Cases & Controversies Teaching the <u>Already v. Nike</u> case Constitution & Business

FANTASY SCOTUS



Cases & Controversies Constitution & Business

ARTICLE III: CASES & CONTROVERSIES

READ ARTICLE III

PAY SPECIAL ATTENTION TO SECTION II

JURISDICTION

PERSONAL JURISDICTION

OVER DEFENDANT

WHERE EVENT HAPPENED OR WHERE D RESIDES

JUST STEP 1 | ALSO NEED SMJ

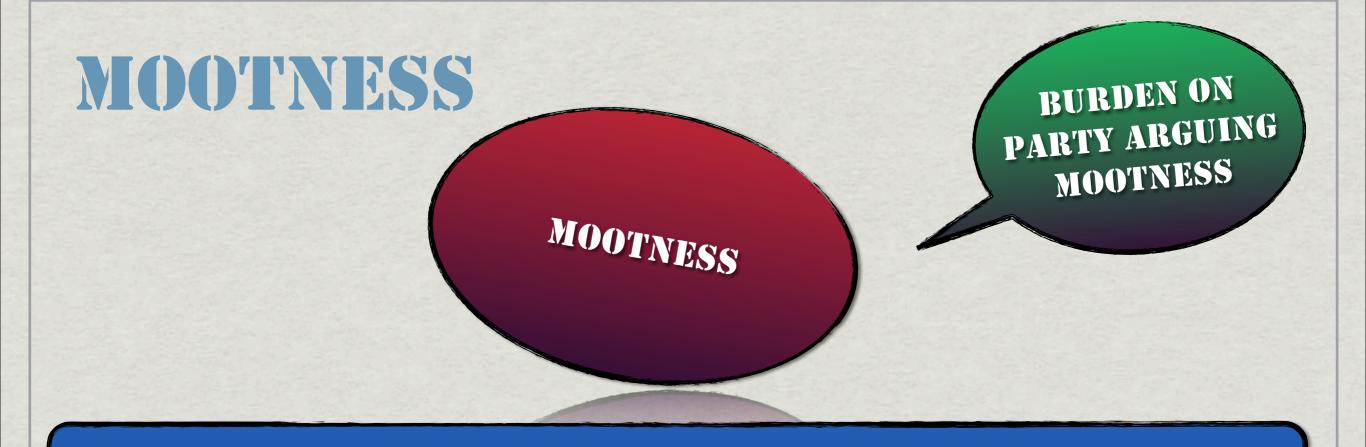


FEDERAL V. STATE COURTS

FEDERAL ISSUE & DIVERSITY OF CITIZENSHIP

STANDING, RIPENESS, MOOTNESS





VOLUNTARY CESSATION DOCTRINE --- ONE PARTY PROMISES TO STOP: ABSOLUTELY CLEAR THAT CONDUCT NOT REASONABLY LIKELY TO RECUR

REGULAR MOOTNESS TEST:

#1 NO REASONABLE EXPECTATION THAT CONDUCT WILL RECUR; AND

#2 EFFECTS OF ALLEGED VIOLATION COMPLETELY & IRREVOCABLY

ERADICATED

KRADICATED

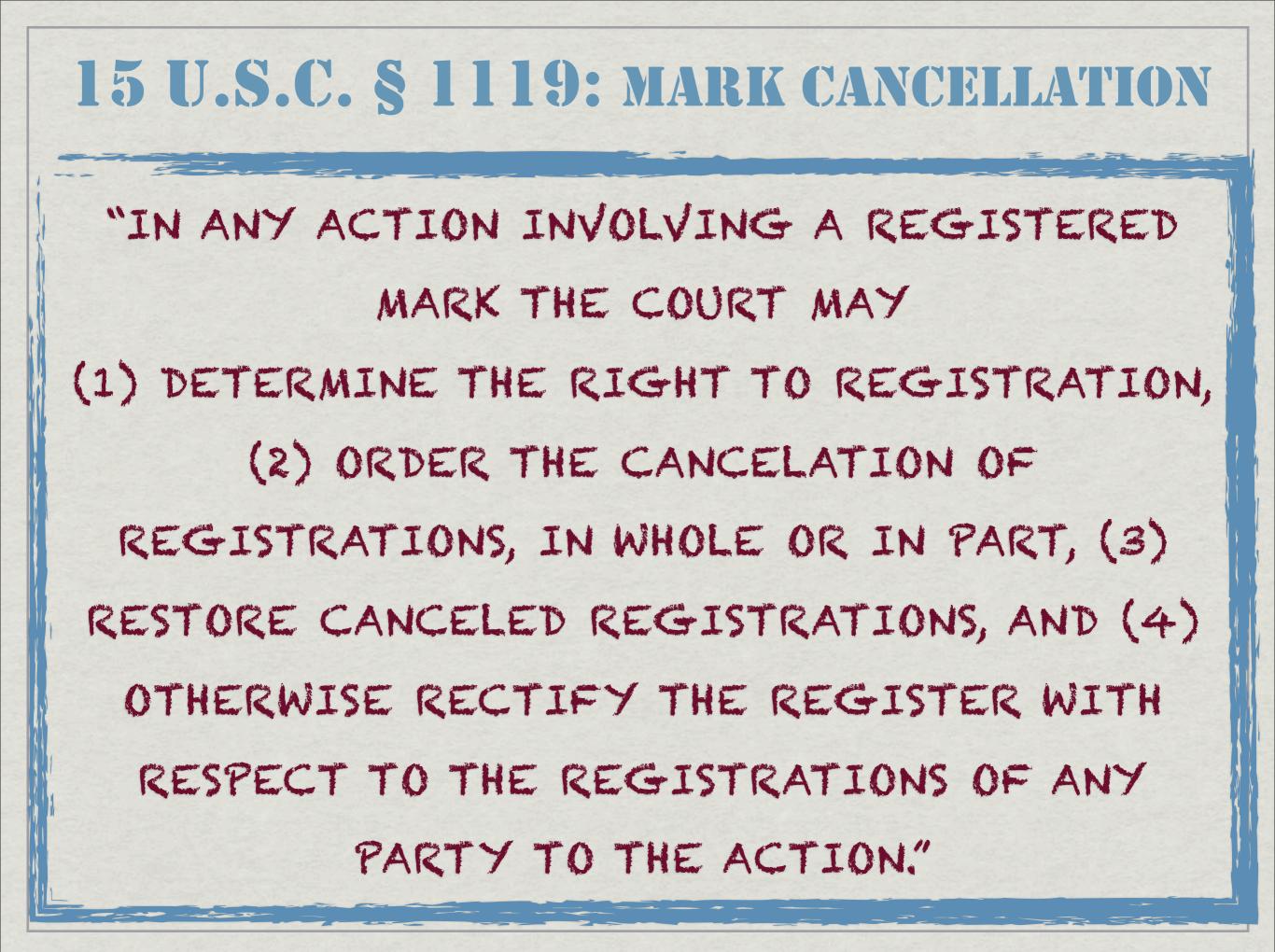
ARTCLE II: THE JUDICIAL BRANCH "THE JUDICIAL POWER SHALL EXTEND TO ALL CASES ... ARISING UNDER THIS CONSTITUTION, THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES, AND TREATIES MADE, OR WHICH SHALL BE MADE, UNDER THEIR AUTHORITY ... "

28 U.S.C. § 1331: FEDERAL QUESTION

"THE DISTRICT COURTS SHALL HAVE ORIGINAL JURISDICTION OF ALL CIVIL ACTIONS ARISING UNDER THE CONSTITUTION, LAWS, OR TREATIES OF THE UNITED STATES."

"IN ANY CIVIL ACTION ... THE DISTRICT COURTS SHALL HAVE SUPPLEMENTAL JURISDICTION OVER ALL OTHER CLAIMS THAT ARE SO RELATED TO CLAIMS IN THE ACTION THAT ... THEY FORM PART OF THE SAME CASE OR CONTROVERSY UNDER ARTICLE III . . ."

28 U.S.C. § 1367: COUNTERCLAIMS



Just the Facts Constitution & Business



IMPORTANT DATES



"SWEET" SHOE LINE

DESIGN PATENT APPLICATION: AUGUST 20, 2007

GRANTED



AIR FORCE 1

TRADEMARK APPLICATION: DECEMBER 1, 2006 GRANTED

NO DESIGN PATENT FILED

THE REST OF THE STORY

HERE'S

WHAT

HAPPENED

(1) AIR FORCE 1S ARE FAMOUS (SECONDARY MEANING)

(2) TRADE DRESS WITH SECONDARY MEANING GETS TRADEMARK PROTECTION (COKE BOTTLE & IPHONE)

(3) PTO ISSUED NIKE A TRADEMARK

(4) 25 YEARS LATER NIKE LEARNED THAT ALREADY WAS ITS MAIN INFRINGER

(5) NIKE WROTE CEASE & DESIST LETTER TO ALREADY

(6) ALREADY DECLINED & PROVIDED NO INFO AS TO
WHY ITS SHOES WERE NOT A THREAT TO NIKE
(7) SO . . . NIKE SUED IN JULY 2009

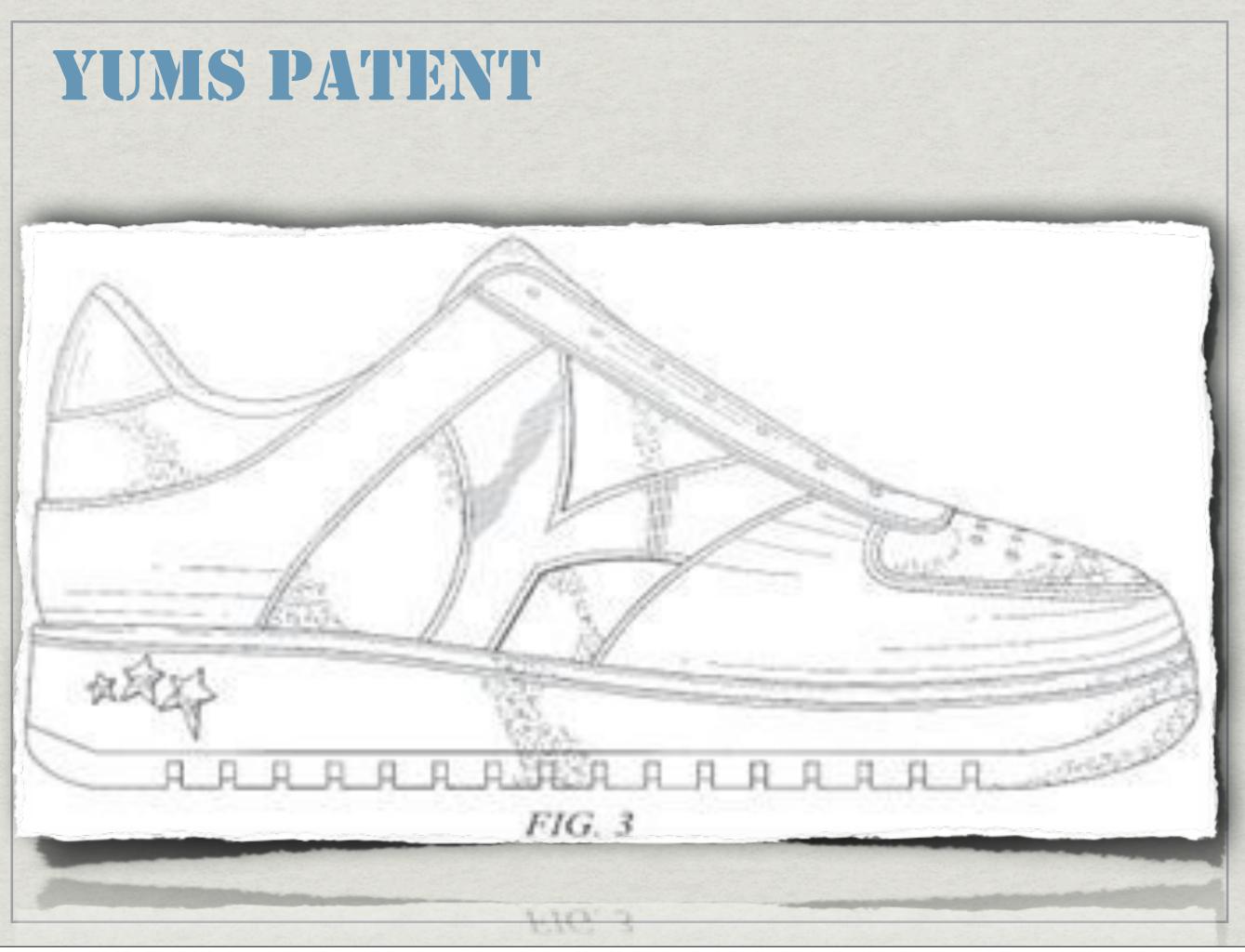
THE REST OF THE STORY

AND

THEN ...

(1) ALREADY: CLOTHING DESIGN CANNOT BE TRADEMARK & TRADEMARKS ARE SYMBOLS USED ON OR IN CONNECTION WITH GOODS (2) THEREFORE . . . DESIGN FEATURES OF SHOES ARE INTEGRAL FEATURES OF GOODS AS OPPOSED TO SYMBOL (3) ALREADY INFORMED NIKE THAT MAJOR STORES DID NOT CARRY ITS SHOES | NIKE DEEMED IT NOT A THREAT (4) NIKE DEEMED IT WOULD BE TOO EXPENSIVE TO CONTINUE | COST/BENEFIT ANALYSIS (5) SO . . . NIKE DELIVERED THE COVENANT





COMPARE & CONTRAST



YUMS V. NIKE: FINAL PRODUCT



Arguments

Petitioner's Arguments
 Respondent's Arguments
 Constitution & Business

CASE FOR/AGAINST MOOTNESS

(1) NIKE MUST PROVE ALREADY WILL NEVER BE HURT BY NIKE'S FALSE CLAIM OF TRADEMARK OWNERSHIP
(2) AND . . . NIKE MUST PROVE THAT PAST EFFECTS OF ITS ACTIONS ERADICATED

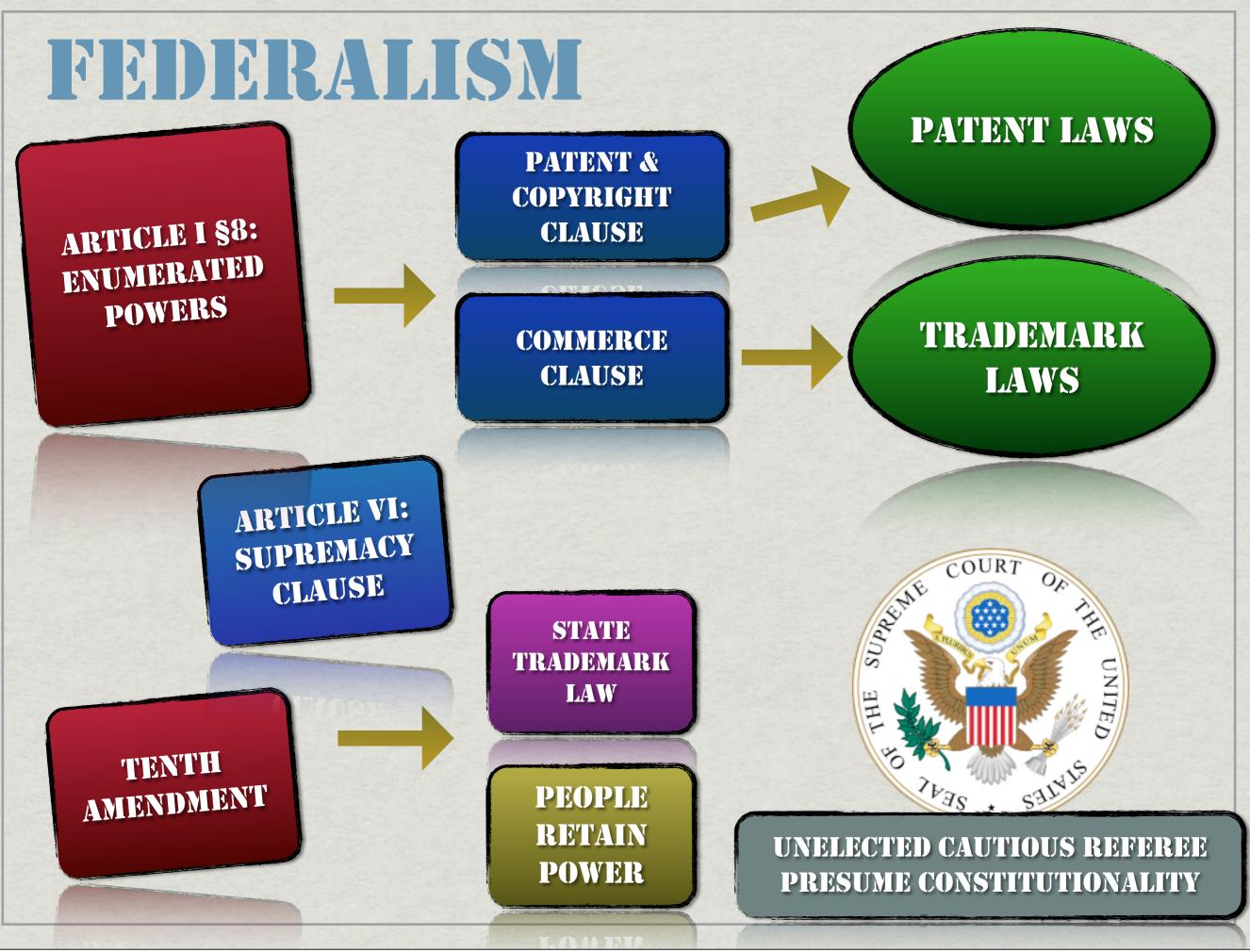
(3) NIKE'S FALSE TRADEMARK HURTS INVESTMENT,
COMPETITION & NIKE STILL CLAIMS IT OWNS MARK
(4) CAN'T GET TRADEMARK FOR SHOE DESIGN
(5) SHOE DESIGN SHOULD BE IN PUBLIC DOMAIN
(6) COURTS NOW LIMITED IN HEARING IP CASES

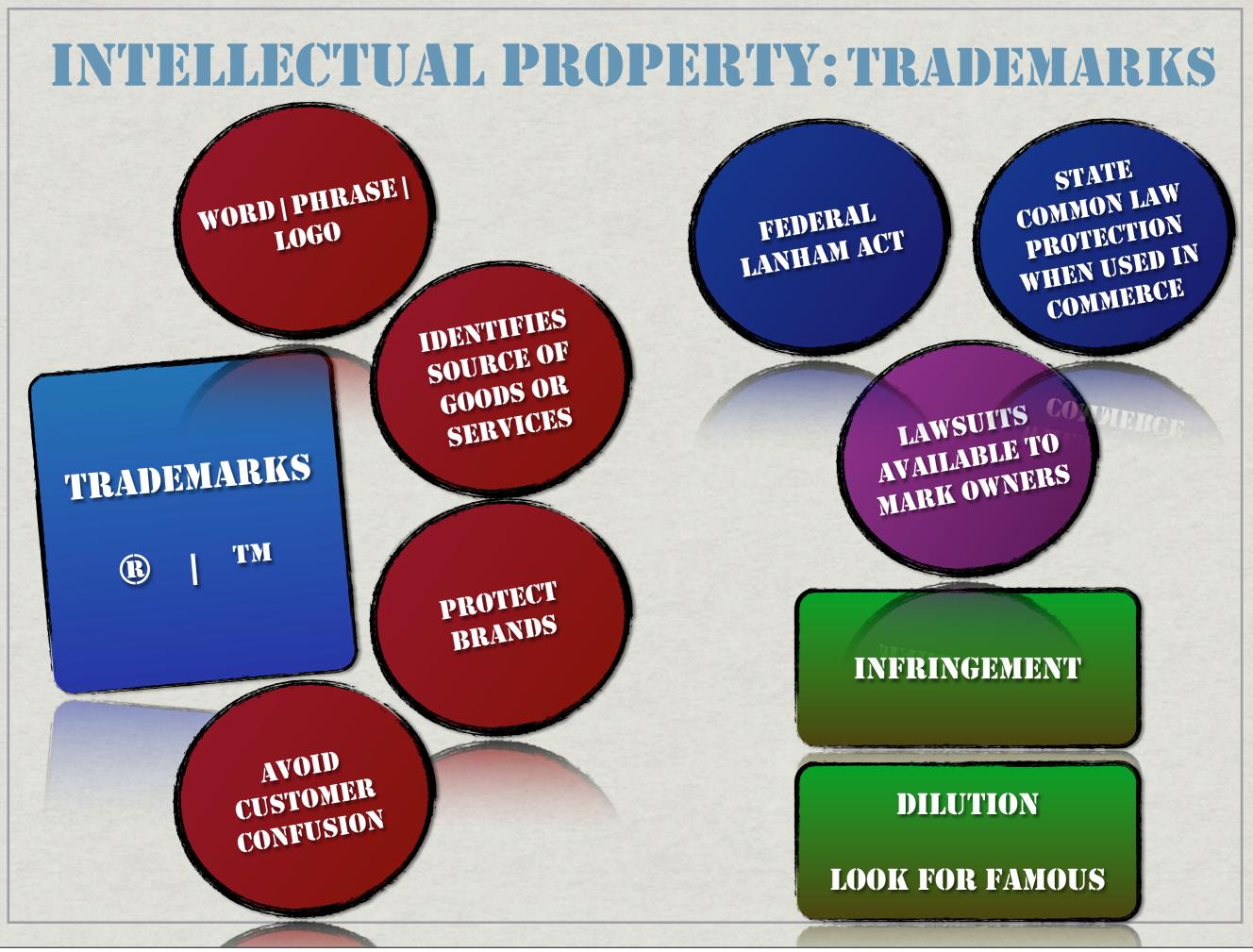
1) CASE IS MOOT

PETTTIONER

RESPONDENT

(2) ALREADY CANNOT PRODUCE FUTURE SHOE THAT MIGHT INFRINGE NIKE'S MARK
(3) ALREADY CANNOT SHOW THREAT OF INJURY
(4) MARKET PARTICIPANTS DON'T HAVE RIGHT TO CHALLENGE IP RIGHTS WITHOUT UNDERLYING CLAIM







IS NIKE'S MARK VALID?

TRADE DRESS

COKE BOTTLE
SHAPE/DESIGN OF IPHONE
CLOTHING DESIGN

OLOTHING DESIGN

TRADE DRESS WITH SECONDARY MEANING THAT DIRECTLY ASSOCIATES THE SHOE WITH NIKE IN THE MINDS OF THE PUBLIC

PUBLIC

ENTITLED TO TRADEMARK PROTECTION

IMPORTANCE OF ORAL ARGUMENT

DISCUSSION OF THE "REAL WORLD" TO JUSTICE BREYER

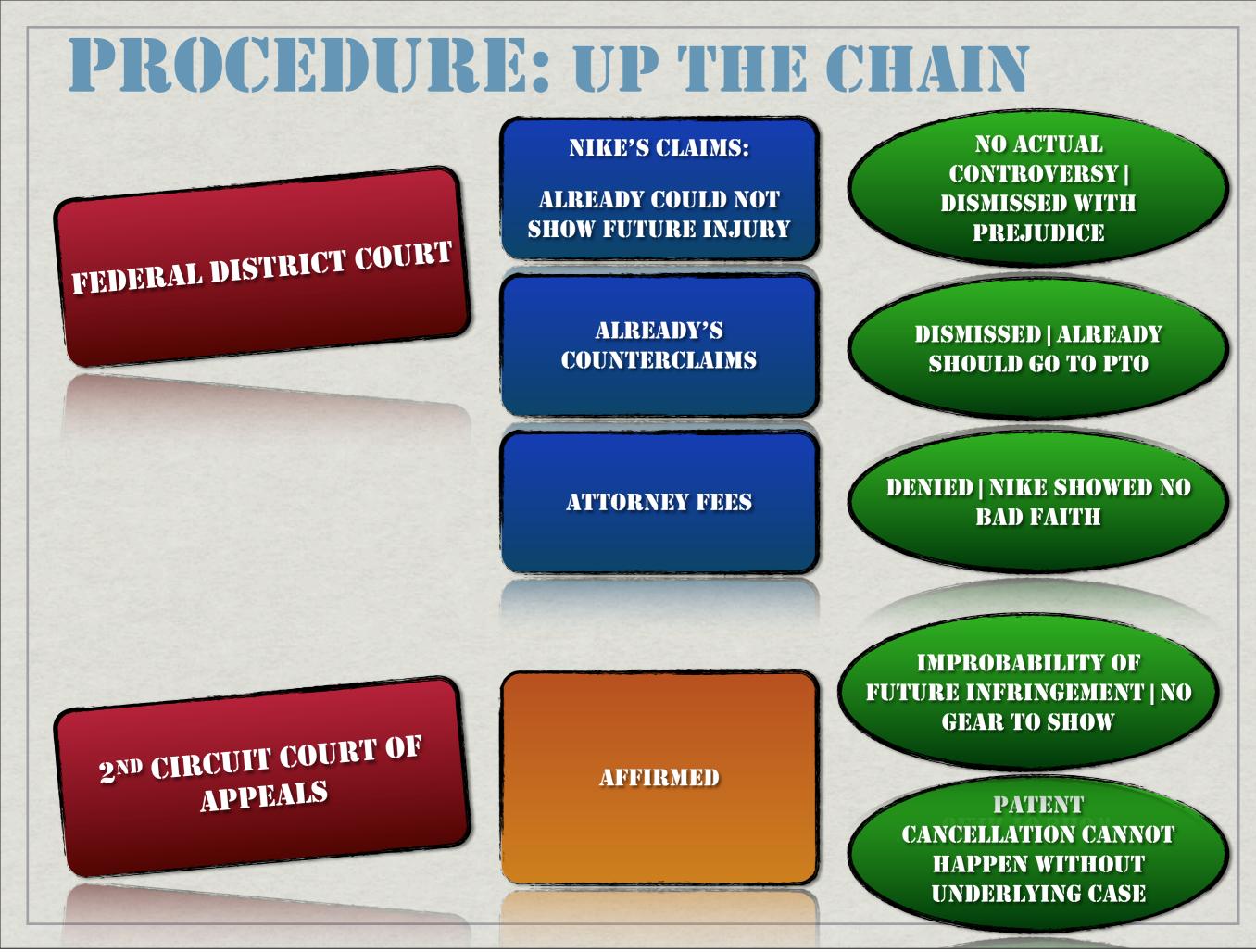
COUNSEL FOR ALREADY

STRUGGLED TO EXPLAIN WHY ALREADY COULD NOT PRODUCE NEW PRODUCTS

DID THIS ARGUMENT HAVE AN EFFECT ON THE OPINION?

Already v. Nike

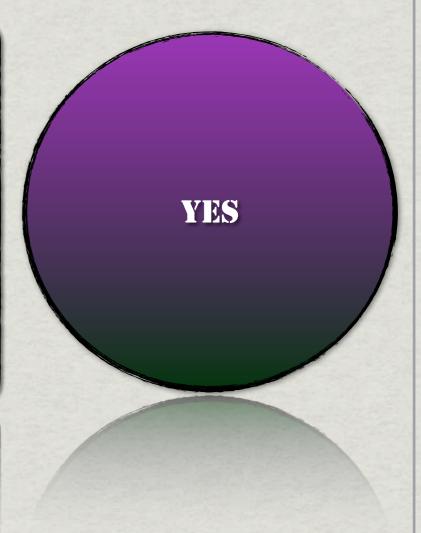
Petitioner's Brief
 Respondent's Brief
 Oral Argument
 Lower Court Opinions
 Supreme Court Opinion
 Constitution & Business



PROCEDURE: THE ISSUE

ISSUE

DOES COVENANT NOT TO ENFORCE TRADEMARK AGAINST COMPETITOR'S EXISTING PRODUCTS AND ANY FUTURE COLORABLE IMITATIONS MOOT COMPETITOR'S ACTION TO HAVE MARK INVALIDED?



INVALIDED?

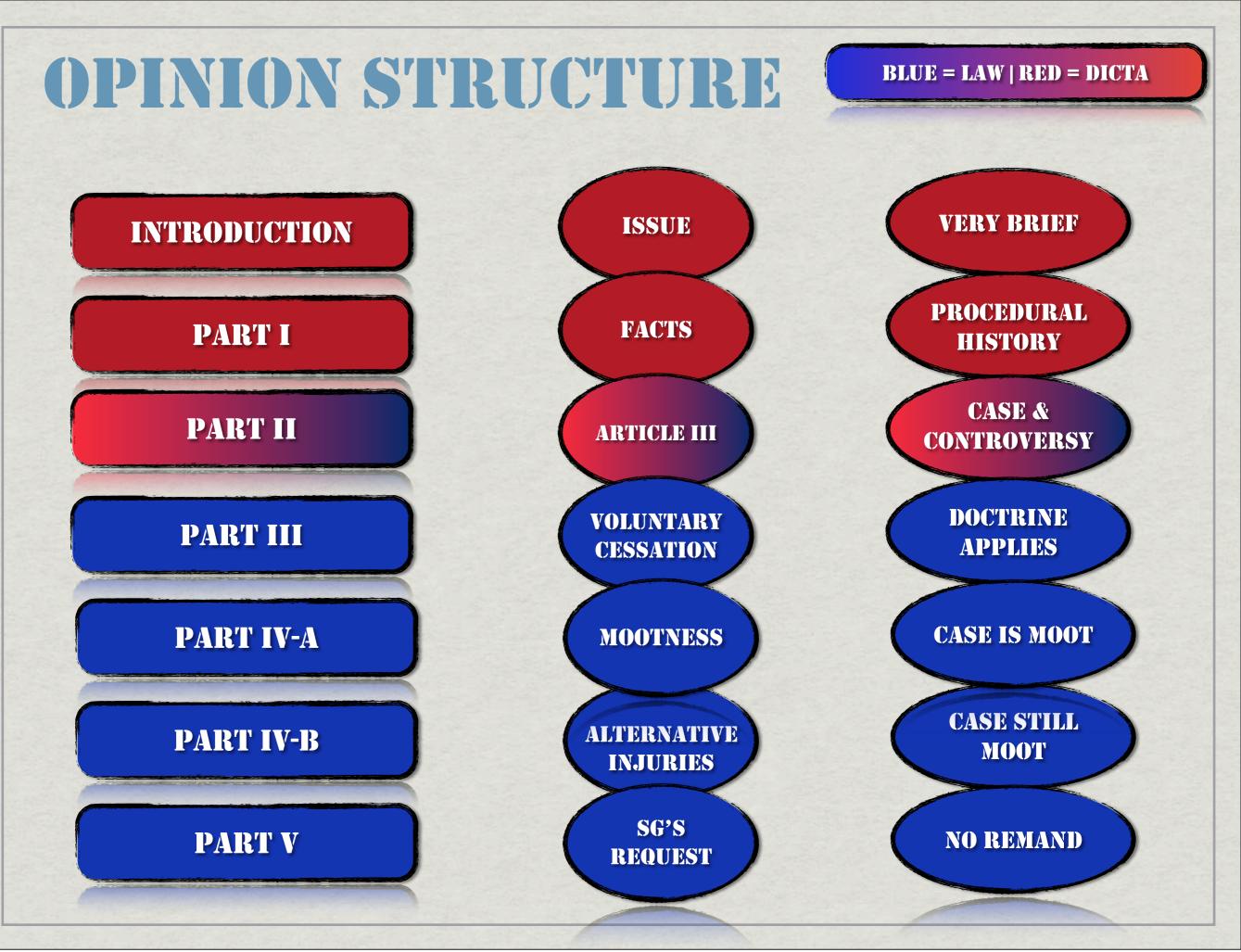
THE OPINION



NIKE WINS CASE IS MOOT BECAUSE OF COVENANT



CONCUR | THIS TACTIC SHOULD BE SCRUTINIZED CAREFULLY BY COURTS



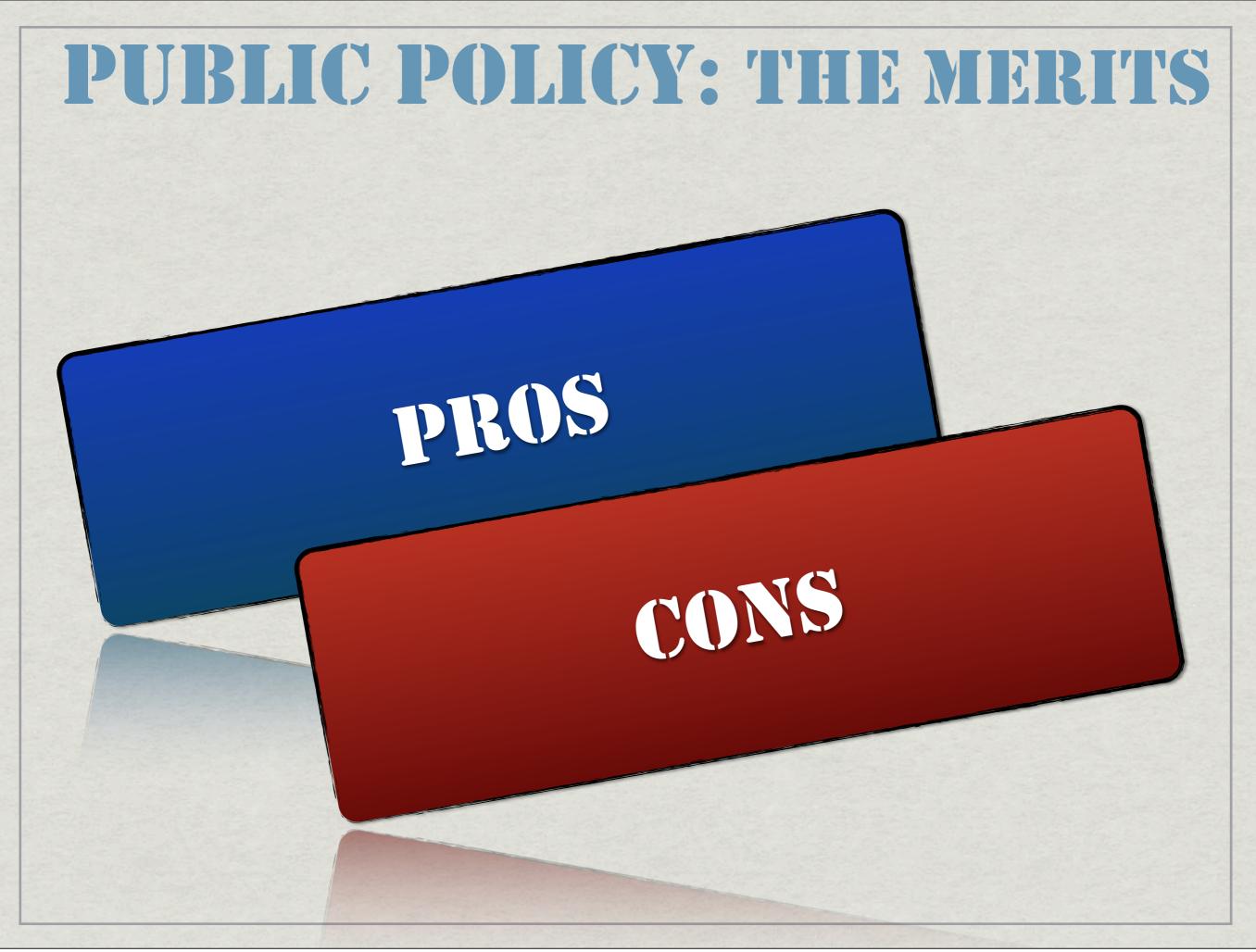
THE OPINION

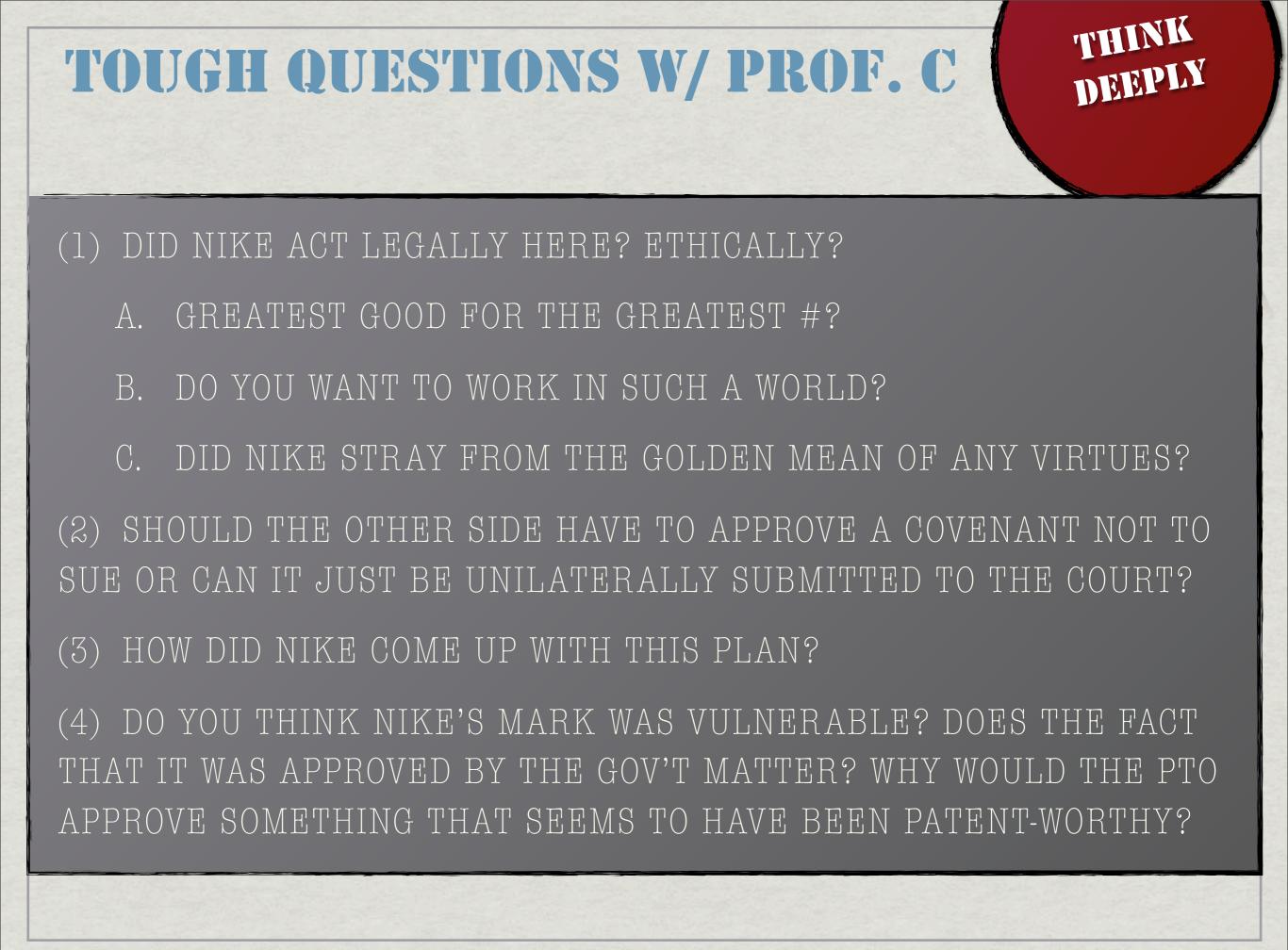
NIKE WINS

PARTY ASKING FOR VOLUNTARY CESSATION BEARS BURDEN

COVENANT WAS BROAD AND COVERED ALL OF ALREADY'S PAST, CURRENT & FUTURE SHOES THAT ARE COLORABLE IMITATIONS OF CURRENT SHOES

CASE IS MOOT | ALREADY CANNOT PRODUCE ANY PRODUCTS THAT WOULD CAUSE NIKE TO SUE AGAIN





TOUGH QUESTIONS W/ PROF. C

THINK DEEPLY

(5) WHO SHOULD BEAR THE BURDEN TO SHOW THAT THE INFRINGING CONDUCT WILL NOT RECUR UNDER THE VOLUNTARY CESSATION DOCTRINE?

(6) WHY DIDN'T ALREADY PRODUCE SOMETHING THAT IT WAS GOING TO MARKET (ESPECIALLY ON APPEAL/ORAL ARGUMENT)?

(7) WHY DOESN'T ALREADY MAKE ATHLETIC SHOES ANYMORE?

(8) WHAT IS JUDICIAL NOTICE? DOES THE CONCEPT OF JUDICIAL NOTICE WORRY YOU?

(9) WAS THIS AN IP CASE?

(10) WHY DIDN'T ALREADY JUST GO TO THE PTO TO INVALIDATE NIKE'S MARK?

JUST DO IT.

